

<b>SWITZERLAND</b>	
<b>I. IDENTIFICATION</b> (held on a date prior to the date of rabies vaccination)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Microchip*</b> or</li> <li>- Clearly legible Tattoo **</li> </ul> <p>- Definitive entry of a dog into Switzerland - visit to a veterinarian within 10 days after the date of entry into Switzerland for registration in a specific Swiss database (ANIS).</p>
<b>II. VALID RABIES VACCINATION</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Valid Rabies Vaccine</b> (applied at least 21 days prior to the entry into Switzerland) ***</li> </ul> <p>Rabies vaccination is considered <u>valid</u> if it was carried out after the date which the animal was identified on and it can only be administered to an animal aged at least 12 weeks.</p>
<b>III. ANIMALS AGED LESS THAN 12 WEEKS</b> (and not vaccinated against rabies) may enter Switzerland with:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Microchip*</li> <li>- European pet Passport</li> <li>- <u>Accompanying the mother they still depend on</u> or</li> </ul> <p>Accompanied by a <u>Declaration of the owner</u> confirming that they have been kept at the place of birth since their date of birth and have never come into contact with wild animals whose species are susceptible to rabies. With this Declaration, young animals aged between 12 and 16 weeks can also enter Switzerland if they have already been vaccinated against rabies, but the 21-day waiting period has not yet expired.</p> <p>Puppies <u>aged less than 56 days cannot enter Switzerland</u>, unless they are accompanied by their mother or an adoptive mother whom they are still dependent on for reasons of Animal welfare.</p>
<b>IV. EUROPEAN PET PASSPORT</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>European Pet Passport</b>, in accordance with the model set out in <a href="#">Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) n° 577/2013</a>, of 28 June 2013</li> </ul> <p>In the case of Swiss animals, having a <b>Swiss Passport</b> (made in the same way as the European pet Passport, but in red color), when the animals are traveling in the European Union or want to re-enter Switzerland, the Swiss passport has to be accepted.</p>

<b>V. NUMBER OF ANIMALS</b>	<p>A maximum of 5 dogs, cats and ferrets from the Member States of the European Union shall be accepted in Switzerland in accordance with the conditions laid down for the entry of non-commercial pet animals.</p> <p>Exceptions are allowed for temporary entries for participation in competitions, shows and sporting events or training for these events, provided that the animals are older than 6 months and that there is written evidence that the animals are enrolled to participate in these events or in an Association organizing them.</p>
<b>VI. EXCEPTIONS</b>	<p>Exceptions may only be approved in special cases, for example for dogs and cats that cannot be vaccinated against rabies for medical reasons duly certified by a veterinarian and the following form must be used:</p> <p><a href="#">07/23 application form for permit to import dogs, cats and ferrets from the EU</a></p>
<b>VII. PROHIBITION OF ENTRY OF DOGS WITH CUT EARS OR TAILS</b>	<p>Exceptions: animals entering Switzerland for holidays, short stays or relocation to Switzerland (only with supporting documentation). Such exceptions must be authorized on a case-by-case basis with the customs authorities, in due time; otherwise the animals will be prevented from entering the border.</p> <p>See more :<a href="#">Questions and answers on cropped and docked dogs</a></p>
<b>VIII.ONLINE HELP</b>	<p>There is, at the following address, a questionnaire that aims to help the interested to inform themselves about the conditions relating to travel of pets dogs, cats and ferrets:</p> <p><a href="#">Crossing the border with dogs, cats or ferrets</a></p>
<b>IX. LEAFLET</b>	<p>Consult the Leaflet: <a href="#">Before you travel</a></p>

\* If the microchip does not comply with standard ISO 11784 or Annex A of standard ISO standard 11785, the owner or authorized person responsible for the pet on behalf

of the owner shall, at the time of any inspection /control, provide the means needed for reading the microchip.

\*\* Only if the animals have been tattooed before 3.07.2011 and only for certain Swiss cantons the owner must consult authorities of the Swiss cantons of destination of the animals.

\*\*\* Dogs, cats and ferrets must have been vaccinated against rabies with an inactivated vaccine licensed or registered in the country concerned and complying with WHO requirements. The vaccination must be carried out on an animal aged at least 12 weeks and at least 21 days before entering Switzerland. This waiting period does not apply if the animals have always received booster vaccinations within the period specified by the vaccine producer. If the words "valid until", i.e.: the date on which the vaccine expires, do not appear on the passport, the period of 1 year applies.

Note: This information is merely indicative and does not dispense consultation of the official website of the country of destination of the animals.

<https://www.blv.admin.ch/blv/en/home/tiere/reisen-mit-heimtieren/hunde-katzen-und-frettchen.html>

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